

GENERAL NOTICE – EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES

Subject: Table of Approved Devices

Notice #: 007 Issued: 6/25/2010 Effective: Immediately

Authorized by: Samuel W. Adams, Interim Chief, Emergency Medical Services

The following devices and device categories have been reviewed and approved by the Division of EMS and/or the Ambulance Service Advisory Board. Advisory Notices may be found on the Division of EMS web page regarding usage and restrictions, if any. As with any device utilized under the license of the ambulance service, the ambulance service must ensure that the specific device is FDA approved and that their EMTs are properly trained, refreshed in their training, and have demonstrated competency, as per the manufacturer's recommendations and usage, prior to allowing such device on the ambulance.

The devices in this list are supplemental to those already included in the *RI Prehospital Care Protocols* & *Standing Orders*. This supplemental list is subject to change and will be updated as new devices are approved by the Division of EMS. Rhode Island ambulance services and their personnel are not permitted to carry or utilize any device not specifically approved by the Division of EMS. Approved devices are those listed in the *Protocols*, the *Ambulance Licensure* & *Inspection Manual*, and/or this supplemental table, as amended.

Description	Comments
Battery powered mechanical chest compression system (e.g., AutoPulse™ or equiv.)	
Pneumatically powered mechanical chest compression system (e.g., LUCAS™ or equiv.)	
CPAP (continuous positive airway pressure), a type of noninvasive ventilation, that delivers accurate and constant pressure	Limited to EMT-C and EMT-P as of 11/1/2010
BiPAP (Bilevel Positive Airway Pressure) provides two levels of pressure: Inspiratory Positive Airway Pressure (IPAP) and a lower Expiratory Positive Airway Pressure (EPAP) for easier exhalation	Limited to EMT-C and EMT-P as of 11/1/2010
Adjunct device, which attaches to the BVM, and increases blood flow to the heart and brain during CPR (e.g., RescuePod™ or equiv.)	
Non-invasive blood oxygen saturation detection unit	
Non-invasive carbon monoxide detection unit, often combined with a pulse-oximeter unit (e.g., Rad-57™)	
Airway adjunct and intubation aid	
	Battery powered mechanical chest compression system (e.g., AutoPulse™ or equiv.) Pneumatically powered mechanical chest compression system (e.g., LUCAS™ or equiv.) CPAP (continuous positive airway pressure), a type of noninvasive ventilation, that delivers accurate and constant pressure BiPAP (Bilevel Positive Airway Pressure) provides two levels of pressure: Inspiratory Positive Airway Pressure (IPAP) and a lower Expiratory Positive Airway Pressure (EPAP) for easier exhalation Adjunct device, which attaches to the BVM, and increases blood flow to the heart and brain during CPR (e.g., RescuePod™ or equiv.) Non-invasive blood oxygen saturation detection unit Non-invasive carbon monoxide detection unit, often combined with a pulse-oximeter unit (e.g., Rad-57™)

Authorizing Signature: Date: 6/25/2010